Asia Pacific Nazarene Theological Seminary

Review for Bible Content Exam

Revised December, 2000

The following are suggested areas of review for the Bible Content Exam which all M.A. and M.Div. students are required to pass for graduation. It is suggested that the student make a thorough review of the content, literature, history, geography, and theology of the Bible before he or she takes the exam. It is recommended that each student read as much of the Bible as possible before the exam. They students should be able to pass the exam. If you can confidently describe the items on this reviewer, you should be able to pass the exam.

Examine the following review topics. Place a check mark I next to the item when you can tell about it without any aid. Work on those areas that are difficult.					
Kn	The Story of the Bible ow the basic framework of the story of God's in his story.	nteraction with His creation. You should be able to fill in the deta	ail		
	 A. Creation: God created the world, plants, a B. Fall: Adam and Eve sinned in disobedience broken. 	animals, and lastly humans and pronounced it all good. see and sin entered the world; the divine-human relationship was			
	Sinai) with a chosen people called Israel (se	opportunities for relationship through covenant (Noah, Abraham, see Genesis and Exodus).			
	D. Problems : Historical Period; The power of (law). In spite of God's reminders (the proof Israel in the OT).	f sin is seen in Israel's inability to keep the terms of the covenant ophets), humanity on its own could not keep the law (see the story	ŗ		
_		a new covenant by which He would change the human heart and relationship (see the prophets in the OT)			
	F. New Covenant Fulfilled: The new covena	ant was fulfilled in the coming of Jesus Christ (see the Gospels). is the new covenant community by which God is carrying out His			
	H. Completion of the Story: Someday, Jesus	will return, and sin and death will be no more (see Revelation).			
II.	Old Testament	•			
A.	Major Events				
Kn kno	ow the major events related to the story of the O own, especially those after the united monarchy).	old Testament, where these events are described, and their dates (f		
	Adam and Eve: creation and fall	Period of the Judges			
	Pre-flood generations	United Monarchy: Saul, David, Solomon			
	Noah and the Flood	Divided Monarchy: Significant Kings			
	Tower of Babel	Ministry of the Prophets			
_	Abraham and Sarah: call, covenant, migration,				
	family Isaac, Jacob, Joseph	Fall of Judah and the Babylonia Empire			
	Isaac, Jacob, Joseph	Exile			
	Slavery in Egypt, Exodus	Restoration: rebuilding of the Temple and Jerusalem			
_	Conquest of Promise land and Settlement	Fall of Babylon, the Persian Period, close of the OT record			

B. Significant People Know the dates of the major people of the OT, their activities, and where they are mention especially those involved in the rise and fall of key OT nations:	ned in the Bible. Note
Adam and Eve The Judges Cain, Abel Ruth Noah Samuel, Saul, David, Solomon Job Jeroboam, Rehoboam Abraham, Sarah, Hagar Omri, Abah, Jezebel Isaac Elijah, Elisha Jacob and wives Hezekiah, Sennacherib, Mannaseh, Josiah, Johoiac Nebuchadnezzar, Belshazzar, Cyrus Moses, Aaron Each of the major and minor prophets, Ezra, Neher Zerubabel, Joshua Joshua Others Caleb	
C. Important Geographical Locations Know the major geographical features and localities, where they are mentioned in the OT, map. Places include:	and where to find them on a
Sea of Galilee Moab Bethel Great Sea Edom Dan Euphrates river Assyria Hazor Tigris river Chaldea Samaria Nile river Jericho Nazareth Negev Shechem Nineveh Lebanon Jerusalem Thebes Dead Sea Hebron Tyre Babylon Shiloh Damascus, etc. Red Sea Bethel	
 D. Major Themes Know the major theme of each book of the OT. Know the significant themes, characteristics, and chapters, for example, Promise to Abracovenant in Jer 31, 10 commandments, holiness code, events of the Exodus and Conque. Assign the literary prophets to their appropriate centuries and briefly describe the politic them faced. Know the major feasts and sacrifices in the OT. Know the dreams about and fulfillment of building the temple. 	act oto
E. Types of Literature Be able to distinguish the characteristics and give examples of the following types of literature	ure in the Bible:
poetry hymns epistles prose laments apocalyptic prophecy parables sayings history narrative discourse proverbs biography gospels wisdom literature, etc.	

F. Significant Theological Topics in the OT Be able to discuss the following topics in the OT:				
 Various covenants in the OT The position of the king The means for atonement The ministry of the prophets The place of the Exodus in the story of the OT The place of the sacrificial system in the religion of the OT 				
II. New Testament				
A. Major Events Know the major events related to the story of the New Testament and where these events are described:				
Birth of Christ Dispersion of the Jerusalem church Ministry of Christ Jerusalem Church council Death and resurrection of Christ Paul's missionary journeys Pentecost The growth of the early church.				
Outline the major events in the history of the early church as recorded in the book of Acts, including Paul's missionary journeys.				
B. Significant People Know the dates of the major people of the NT, their activities, and where they are mentioned in the NT:				
Herod the Great				
C. Important Geographical Locations Know the major geographical features and localities and where they are mentioned in the NT. In addition to the places in the OT, be able to find these locations on a map:				
Important places in Jesus' life Corinth Places in Paul's journeys Rome Ethiopia Asia Minor Galatia Antioch, etc. Seven churches of Revelation				
D. Major Themes Know the major theme and content of each book of the NT. Know significant themes, characteristics, and chapters, for example, Logos in John 1 The main characteristics and central purpose of each of the gospels Jesus' parables Heroes of the faith in Heb 11 Works and faith in James The love charter The love charter				

_ spiritual gifts	new covenant	
_ baptism	atonement	
_ resurrection	ecclessiology, etc.	
_ holiness		
_ Acts _ the Prison Epistles	cific sections of the NT such as	
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ASIA-PACIFIC NAZARENE THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

STUDY QUESTIONS FOR BIBLE CONTENT EXAM

In preparation for the Bible Content Examination, students may focus their attention on the following objectives.

Know dates of major events related to the Bible and where these events are mentioned in the Bible, including:

Abraham's migration

Exodus
Conquest
Settlement
United Monarchy
Divided Monarchy

Assyrian Empire Fall of Samaria

Babylonian Empire

Fall of Nineveh

Fall of Jerusalem Temple Rebuilt Persian Empire Fall of Babylon

Maccabean Revolt Birth of Christ Ministry of Christ

Death of Christ

Pentecost

Dispersion of Jerusalem Church Jerusalem Church Council Paul's missionary journeys

Peter's death Paul's Death

Destruction of Jerusalem by

Romans

Bar Kachaba wars

Know dates of major people related to the Bible, their activities, and where they are mentioned in the Bible, including:

Adam

Eve Cain Abel Noah

Job Abraham

Sarah Isaac Jacob

Joseph Moses Jethro Joshua

Caleb the Judges Ruth

Samuel
Saul
David
Solomon
Jeroboam
Rehoboam

Omri

Ahab

Jezebel Elijah Hezekiah Sennacherib Mannaseh Josiah

Josiah Jehoiachin Jehoikim Zedekiah Nebuchadnezzar

Belshazzar Cyrus

each of the major Prophets and Minor Prophets

Ezra
Nehemiah
Esther
Zerubabel

Alexander the Great
Antiochus Epiphanies
the Maccabees
Herod the Great
Herod Antipas

Herod Agrippa Caesar Augustus Pontius Pilate John the Baptist Jesus of Nazareth

Caiphas Anas

each of the twelve disciples

Festus
James
Stephen
Cornelius
Saul
Paul
Luke
Barnabas
Silas
Mark
Titus
Timothy

Timothy Philemon Philo Josephus

Know major geographical features and localities and where these are mentioned in the Bible, including:

Sea of Galilee Moab Great Sea Edom **Euphrates** Ammon **Tigris** Gilead Nile Midian Mt. Hermon Sinai Mt. Sinai Egypt Mt. Horeb Aram Mt. Ebal Babylon Mt. Gerizim Assvria Mt. Carmel Chaldea Mt. Gilboa Jericho Mt. Nebo Ai Trans-Jordan Shechem Philistine Plain Jerusalem Shephelah Hebron Hill country Shiloh Arabah Gilgal Negeb Bethel Lebanon Beersheba Phoenicia Ziklag

Joppa Ashod Bethel Dan Hazor Tirzah Samaria Dothan Megiddo Jezreel Nazareth Nineveh Thebes Tyre Damascus

Places in Jesus' life Places in Paul's journeys

Ethiopia Galatia

Know main themes, characteristics, chapters, and passages in each book of the Bible, for example:

Promise to patriarchs in Genesis 12

New Covenant in Jeremiah 31 Judgment of Nineveh in Nahum Logos in John 1

Heroes of the faith in Hebrews 11 Salvation by works in James

Know major characteristics and types of literature in the Bible, including:

Poetry Laments Prose **Parables** Sayings Prophecy Discourse Narrative Gospels Biography **Epistles** Hymns

Apocalyptic History Proverbs

Wisdom literature

Know about matters related to the history of the biblical text, including:

Theories of when books written Theories of how books were written Theories of who wrote various books Theories of the circumstances and audiences addressed in

JEDP Deutero-Isaiah

books

Deuteronomistic history

Source

Synoptic Problem Jewish canon Christian canon Protestant canon Masoretic Text Septuagint

Apocrypha Deutercanonical Books Targum

Samaritan Pentateuch Peshitta Vulgate

Hebrew Aramaic Greek

Dead Sea Scrolls

Oumran Ugaritic Texts

Nag Hammadi Library Gnosticism

Talmud Mishnah

Rabbinic Literature Pastoral Epistles

Prison Epistles General Epistles Torah Former Prophets Latter Prophets Writings

Scribal errors Amanuesis

In addition, the student should be able to:

	Discuss the various theories regarding the composition of the Pentatuech and defend your position on the matter.
۵	What steps would you follow in doing a careful exegesis on a passage from which you might preach or teach?
0	Explain the Deuternomistic History and how such a concept helps you in understanding the O.T.
۵	Describe one of the higher critical methodologies (such as form criticism, tradition-history, etc) in detail and explain how this methodology might contribute toward the preacher's task.
	Describe the character of one of the prophetic books which has been particularly meaningful to your preaching and/or teaching ministry and explain. Why it has been so meaningful?
<u> </u>	Be able to discuss the biblical concept of COVENANT and relate the concept to the Christian doctrine of the church. Locate in Scripture and describe at least four covenants giving their significance for OT faith or religious life.
۵	On a time line or in outline give the dates for the crucial periods of Israel's history, the significant events, and at least ten persons of significance.
	Describe the function of each of the following offices: EBED-YAHWEH HAKAM MELEK NABI SHOPHET KOHEN SOPHER
	Discuss the significance of the term "Exodus" for the OT and for the modern Jew.
	Discuss at least three major sacrifices in the OT religion.
۵	Discuss the function and duties of the High Priest in the OT and how the writer of Hebrew relates these functions and duties to Christ.
۵	Assign the literary prophets to their appropriate centuries and briefly describe the political situation that faced each of them.
۵	Discuss the various theories regarding the composition of the Pentateuch and defend your position on the matter.
۵	Describe one of the high critical methodologies (such as form criticism, tradition-history, etc.) in detain and explain how this methodology might contribute toward the preacher's task.
0	Describe the character of one of prophetic books which has been particularly meaningful to your preaching and/or teaching ministry and explain why it has been so meaningful.
0	List and discuss the main characteristics and central purpose of each of the gospels.
	Define and discuss the Synoptic Problem, i.e., the similarities and differences in the first three gospels, and their relationship to the gospel of John.

۵	List and discuss the dominant themes and characteristics of the messages of Jesus as recorded in the Gospels (Synoptic and John).
٥	Outline the major events in the history of the early church and recorded in the book of Acts, including Paul's missionary journeys.
	Describe the instances of the Baptism with the Holy Spirit recorded in the Books of Acts and the significance of each.
	What is the occasion and purpose of Revelation, and how does this influence its interpretation?
	List and describe the seven churches pictured in Rev. 2 and 3.
۵	Be able to discuss the main events, persons and characteristics of the political and religious background of the New Testament, including the intertestamental period.
	Identify the different types of literature found in the Bible, and the major characteristics of each: poetry, prose, prophecy, narrative, wisdom literature, history, gospels, parables, sayings, discourse, epistles, apocalyptic, etc.
	Be able to discuss the points of continuity and discontinuity between the two testaments.
a .	Know the key chapters in the Bible and their themes, e.g., ten commandments, holiness code "Suffering Servant" Sermon on the Mount, Faith chapter, love chapter, spiritual gifts, Resurrection, Christ and the church, etc.
۵	Be able to discuss the major elements of the teaching on sanctification in the Old Testament and in each of the major blocks on NT writings, and be able to give specific references.
۵	Be able to explain how to develop a careful exegesis of a passage for preaching or teaching (step by step plan to follow, hermeneutical principles applicable).
Q	Explain why the Bible is trustworthy and authoritative (significance of the history of the cannon and the transmission of the text, nature of the biblical revelation and inspiration).
۵	Know the major trends in scholarly study of the Bible including the main kinds of criticisms, (textual, historical, source, form, redaction, etc.). major people involved in these studies, and how these studies help a pastor/teacher.
a	Be able to define Biblical theology and to distinguish it from systematic theology.
<u> </u>	If a non-Christian person approached you and asked what you believed about the Bible, what would you tell him? What reasons could you give to support your views?
a	The Gospels (Synoptic) accounts were probably not written until 30-40 years after the death and resurrection of Christ. Explain what possible stages of development of the Gospel messages as proclaimed and taught by first century Christians when through before it reached the form given to us in the Synoptic.
0	How would you answer a person who was bothered by the fact that there occasions in the Gospel accounts where reference is being made to the same saying of Jesus, but the wording is different – Sermon on the Mount, Lord's Prayer in Matt. and Luke. Or reference is made to the same event, but the event is placed in different contexts by the Gospel writers.
	How do you approach as biblical passage in preparation for preaching or teaching from that passage?